

BEFORE BEGINNING THIS MODULE, MAKE SURE YOU ARE ONLY USING THE MOZILLA FIREFOX OR GOOGLE CHROME BROWSER. <u>DO NOT USE</u> <u>INTERNET EXPLORER</u>!!



LESSON

7 7





PLEASE READ ALL DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY!!

LESSON

Today you will begin/complete a module, but first a few computer lab norms:

 NO FOOD OR DRINK IN THE LAB
NO CELL PHONES – ZERO TOLERANCE!
NO MUSIC WEBSITES OF ANY SORT
DO NOT TOUCH ANYTHING BESIDES THE COMPUTER STATION YOU ARE USING
NO LOUD TALKING
BE MINDFUL OF POWER CORDS

How will I be graded today?

LESSON

- Participation (following directions, watching module videos, etc.) = 50 points
- Completing the module packet = 50 points

You can receive point deductions for:

- ANY usage of cell phones
- Visiting websites unrelated to today's task
- Not following directions

7-3 Similar Triangles (Pg.474) ONLINE MODULE Wednesday, March 1, 2017

TARGETS

LESSON

- Identify similar triangles using the AA Similarity Postulate and the SSS and SAS Similarity Theorems.
- Use similar triangles to solve problems.

Note: You can access pages 474-478 under the textbook section of the class website

CCSS

LESSON

Content Standards

<u>G-SRT.2</u> Given two figures, use the definition of similarity in terms of similarity transformations to decide if they are similar; explain using similarity transformations the meaning of similarity for triangles as the equality of all corresponding pairs of angles and the proportionality of all corresponding parts.

<u>G-SRT.3</u> Use the properties of similarity transformations to establish AA criterion for two triangles to be similar.

<u>G-SRT.4</u> Prove theorems about triangles.

<u>G-SRT.5</u> Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.

Mathematical Practices

- 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 5 Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6 Attend to precision.
- 8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Essential Question:

LESSON

What makes similar triangles?





MEN

Completing the Module

Step 1) Click on the links below to watch the following videos in their entirety.

- *Similar Triangle Proofs
- *Finding the Missing Side of Two Similar Triangles
- *Similar Triangles Two Unknowns
- *Scale Factors





Completing the Module

LESSON

7/33

Step 2) Click on the links below to interact with the online manipulatives. Follow the on-screen directions.

*Similarity and Dilations

*What Makes Similar Triangles?

Disregard the directions calling for a worksheet. Your only task here is to move the points below and observe the behavior of the sides and angles of the triangles.

A(-3, 6), B(0, 0), C(9, 9); D(1, 4), E(5, 5), F(2, 2)
A(-6, -3), B(3, 3), C(3, -3); D(-4, -2), E(2, 2), F(2, -2)
A(-3, -4), B(3, 4), C(-3, -2); D(-2, 3), E(0, 3), F(-2, 1)

Step 3) Complete the Online Module Packet (go back to the class website) once you have finished viewing all videos. Show all work <u>ON</u> <u>YOUR OWN PAPER</u>; hand in completed packets.

<u>Closure</u>

LESSON

Unfinished packets become homework, due Thursday, 03/02/2017.

BE READY FOR A QUIZ ON FRIDAY

- 1) Check your work area before you leave.
- 2) Close all computer programs, but do log off.
- 3) Return all calculators.
- 4) Take your personal belongings.

HAVE A GREAT DAY!

