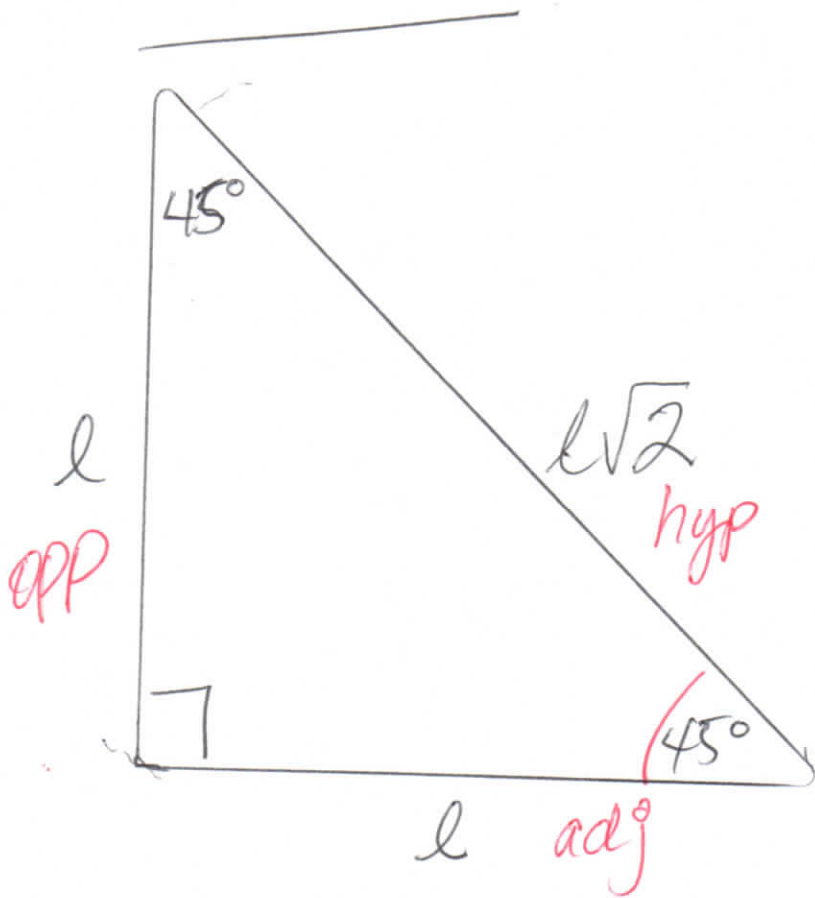


Obj: Identify the Trig Ratios of Special Right Triangles

45-45-90



reference angle

$$\sin 45 = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{l}{l\sqrt{2}} = \frac{l\sqrt{2}}{l\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{l^2} \sqrt{2}}{\cancel{l^2} 2} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

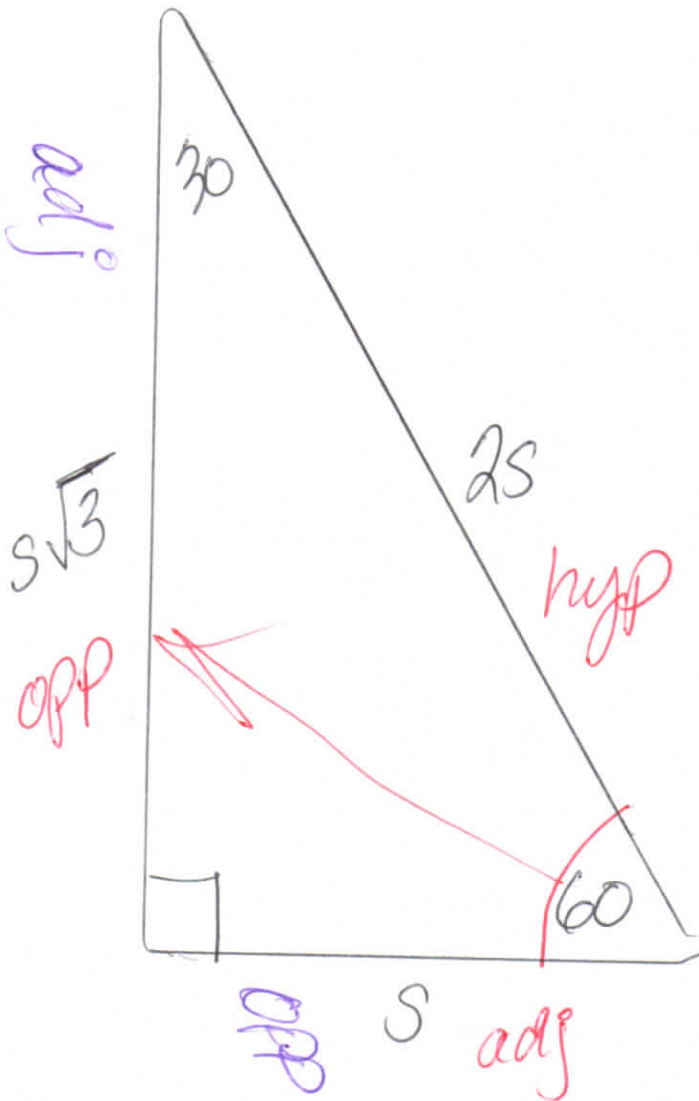
$$\cos 45 = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{l}{l\sqrt{2}} =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

$$\tan 45 = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} = \frac{l}{l} = \boxed{1}$$

30-60-90

adjacent = next to



$$\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{s\sqrt{3}}{2s} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\cos 60^\circ = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{s}{2s} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\tan 60^\circ = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}} = \frac{s\sqrt{3}}{s} = \boxed{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{s}{2s} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{s}{s\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{s\sqrt{3}}{2s} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{s}{s\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{s\sqrt{3}}{s\sqrt{3}} = \frac{s^2\sqrt{3}}{s^2 \cdot 3} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$

3/4/15

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

angle

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

angle SOH-CAH-TOA

$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

angle

$$\textcircled{3A} \quad \frac{\tan(25)}{1} = \frac{x}{18}$$

$$18 \cdot \tan(25) = x$$

$$8.39 = x$$

$\textcircled{3B}$

$$\cos(70) = \frac{15}{x}$$

$$\cancel{x \cdot \cos(70)} = 15$$

$$\frac{\cancel{\cos 70}}{\cos 70} = \frac{15}{x}$$

$$x = 43.86$$

Find angles using inverse trig ratios

$$\sin^{-1}$$

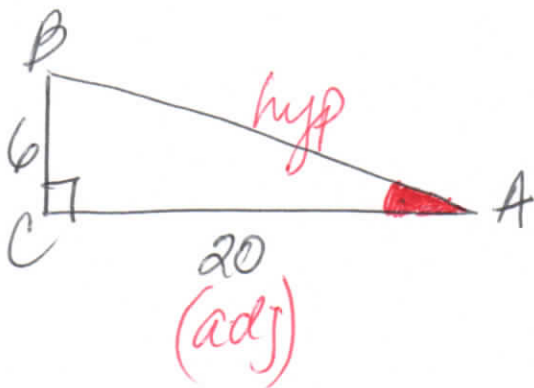
$$\cos^{-1}$$

$$\tan^{-1}$$



4A

Pg 565
opp



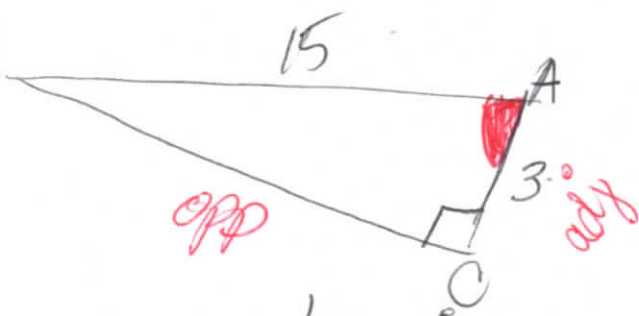
What I'm trying to find

$$\tan A = \frac{6 \text{ opp}}{20 \text{ adj}}$$

$$A = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{20}\right)$$

$$A \approx 16.7$$

4B



$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{3}{15}$$

$$A = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{15}\right)$$

$$\approx 78.5^\circ$$

Decimals are ok!

* Must have two sides to use inverse trig ratios